## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re patent application of:

) Attorney Docket No.: F-711

Kenneth G. Miller et. al.

) Group Art Unit: 3691

Serial No.: 10/721.640

) Examiner: Lalita M. Hamilton

Filed: November 25, 2003

) Date: March 28, 2008

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Confirmation No.: 5612

) Customer No.: 00919

Title: EARLY BILL PAYMENT PROCESS

## APPELLANT'S BRIEF

Sir:

This brief is in furtherance of the Notice of Appeal filed in this case on February 11, 2008.

NO FEE IS DUE the fee was paid for the September 2006 Appeal

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#### I. REAL PARTY IN INTEREST

The real party in interest in this appeal is Pitney Bowes Inc., a Delaware corporation, the assignee of this application.

### II. RELATED APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

There are no related Appeals and Interferences.

#### III. STATUS OF CLAIMS

- A) Claims 1 29 are in the application.
- B) Claims 1 29 are rejected.
- C) Claims 1 29 are on appeal.

## IV. STATUS OF AMENDMENTS

No Amendment subsequent to the April 18, 2006, Final Rejection was entered.

## V. SUMMARY OF THE CLAIMED SUBJECT MATTER

Typically, it takes the United States Postal Service (USPS) three to five days to deliver mail to a recipient. If certain bills, i.e., loans, credit cards, etc., are not received by the biller by the bill's due date, the consumer may be charged a late fee and/or a finance charge. Sometimes, consumers do not have enough money in their accounts to pay their bills on time since they are waiting to receive a particular check, or they forget that the payment of a bill is due in a few days. In the above instances, the consumers may use their home personal computer to pay their bills from a consumer account over the Internet.

Many people do not own computers, and a large number of people who own computers are not connected to the Internet. Thus, the aforementioned individuals will have difficulty in paying their bills that are due in the next few days on time. The present invention overcomes the disadvantages of the prior art by

enabling consumer bill recipients to pay their bills via the USPS or other carrier sooner than was heretofore possible. The claimed invention accomplishes the foregoing by enabling a company to send a bill to a consumer bill recipient by which the consumer bill recipient pays his/her bill via the USPS or other carrier sooner than was heretofore possible. The foregoing is accomplished by enabling a company to send a bill to a bill recipient that contains a bill paying return portion in the form of a mail piece having a Planet code and Postnet bar code that reference the bill recipient and amount to be paid on the outside of mail piece, so that when a scanner at the USPS reads the Planet code and Postnet bar code, the bill recipient's bank account will be debited for the entire amount of the bill, or a minimum payment that is due for the bill, or a minimum payment for the bill plus a specified amount.

This invention allows a consumer to securely identify himself/herself to the USPS, other carrier, or a trusted third party on the outside of mail. Claim 1 is one of the two independent claims in this application. Claim 1 relates to a method for enabling a bill recipient to pay their bill to a creditor. The method comprising the following steps of:

- (a) giving one or more bills in the form of one or more mail pieces(Fig.1A 11, Fig. 1 B 12) to a bill recipient (Fig. 4, 140, Page 8, paragraph 022); (b) placing a code by a creditor on one or more bills that references the bill recipient, the bill recipient's account number (Fig. 2, 209, 210, 211) and amount due on a face of the mail piece: (Fig. 4, 130, Page 8, paragraph 022)
  - (c) mailing the bill by the bill recipient; (Pages 8-9, Paragraph 023)
- (d) scanning by the post the code on the mail piece before the mail piece is delivered to the creditor; (Page 9, Paragraph 024)
- (e) creating an electronic funds transaction for the amount indicated in the code between the bill recipient's bank account and the creditor's bank account; (Page 9, Paragraphs 024-025) and
  - (f) transferring funds from the bill recipient's bank account to the creditor's

bank account. (Page 9, Paragraph 025) Appellant's invention is shown in paragraph 015 of page 4 to paragraph 025 of page 10 of Appellant's specification. Claim 1 is also illustrated in Figs. 1 -4.



Referring now to the drawings in detail, and more particularly to Fig. 1A, the reference character 11 represents one or more mail pieces that were enclosed in an envelope (not shown) that was sent by a creditor, i.e., ABC Company, and delivered to Mr. Bill Recipient of 9 Cross Hill Road, Bethel, CT 06801-3221. Mail piece 11 is a full payment mail piece that Mr. Bill Recipient uses when he wants to pay the full amount that is due on a particular bill or loan payment, ie., monthly mortgage payment; monthly car loan payment; electric bill; water bill: gas bill: oil bill, credit card bill, house insurance statement, car insurance statement, etc. Mail piece 11 has an address field 20 that indicates the billing company, ie., ABC Company, that prepared mail piece 11, and a bill recipient address field 22, that indicates the party receiving the bill. Planet bar code 21 appears above address field 22 and Postnet bar code 23, that uniquely identifies Mr. Bill Recipient, appears below address field 22. Bar codes 21 and 23. will be more fully described in the descriptions of Figs. 2A and 2B. An indication of postage payment 24 is placed on mail piece 11. Optionally, the billing company, ie., ABC Company, may indicate in space 18 the full amount that is due, Le., \$4,023,56. Mr. Bill Recipient may cover space 18 with a label when he returns mail piece 11 to ABC Company, or mail piece 11 may be a windowed envelope that covers space 18 so the amount of payment is not shown.



Fig. 1 B is a drawing of a mail piece 12 indicating minimum payment of a bill before the mail piece was posted. One or more mail pieces 12 were enclosed in the same envelope as mail piece 11 (Fig. 1) (not shown). mail piece 13 (Fig. 1C) that was sent by ABC Company and delivered to Mr. Bill Recipient of 9 Cross Hill Road, Bethel, CT 06801-3221. Mail piece 12 is a minimum payment mail piece which Mr. Bill Recipient uses when he wants to pay the minimum amount that is due on a particular bill or loan payment, ie., monthly mortgage payment; monthly car loan payment; electric bill; water bill; gas bill; oil bill, credit card bill, house insurance statement, car insurance statement, etc. Mail piece 12 has an address field 20 that indicates the billing company, ie., ABC Company, that prepared mail piece 12, and a bill recipient address field 22, that indicates the party receiving the bill. Planet bar code 25 appears above address field 22, and Postnet bar code 23 appears below address field 22. Bar codes 23 and 25 will be more fully described in the description of Fig. 2. An indication of postage payment 24 is placed on mail piece 12. Optionally, the billing Company, i.e., ABC Company, may indicate in space 19 the minimum amount that is due, i.e. \$123.00.

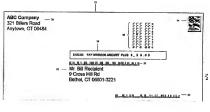


Fig 10

Fig. 1 C is a drawing of a mail piece 13 indicating a payment above the minimum payment of a bill before the mail piece is posted. One or more mail pieces 13 were enclosed in the same envelope as mail piece 11 (Fig. 1) (not shown). mail piece 12 (Fig. 1 B) that was sent by ABC Company and delivered to Mr. Bill Recipient of 9 Cross Hill Road. Bethel, CT 06801-3221. Mail piece 13 is a minimum payment plus a payment above the minimum payment mail piece which Mr. Bill Recipient uses when he wants to pay the minimum amount plus a specified amount determined by Mr. Bill Recipient that is due on a particular bill or loan payment. Le., monthly mortgage payment, monthly car loan payment. electric bill, water bill, gas bill, oil bill, credit card bill, house insurance statement. car insurance statement, etc. Mail piece 13 has an address field 20 that indicates the billing company, ie., ABC Company that prepared mail piece 13. and a bill recipient address field 22, that indicates the party receiving the bill. Planet bar code 35 appears above address field 22, and Postnet bar code 23 appears below address field 22. Bar codes 23 and 35 will be more fully described in the description of Fig. 2. An indication of postage payment 24 is placed on mail piece 13. Optionally, the billing Company, i.e., ABC Company, may indicate in space 19 the minimum amount that is due, i.e. \$123.00, and Mr. Bill Recipient may indicate an amount above the minimum payment that is due. Le., \$50.00. To indicate the \$50.00 extra amount, Mr. Bill Recipient will fill in the appropriate circles 36 with a black pen or number 2 pencil to indicate \$50.00.

#### Planet Code 21



#### Postnet Code 23



Fig 2

Fig. 2 is a drawing of bar codes 21 and 23 of Fig. 1A and Fig. 3. Frame bar 200 indicates the beginning of Planet code 21, and frame bar 201 indicates the end of Planet code 21. Planet code 21 also includes bars that represent digits 202–213. Digits 202–213 each contain five bars, which are used to represent digits 0–9. Digits 202 and 203 are used to represent the mail piece type, namely, type 48 which is a bill payment reply. Digits 204-208 represent the billing company identification number, i.e., number 00477; digits 209-211 represent information that identifies Mr. Bill Recipient's Account number at the address referenced by the location identification (digits 222-232). Digit 212 is a "1" which identifies the payment amount, i.e., the full payment of the bill, namely

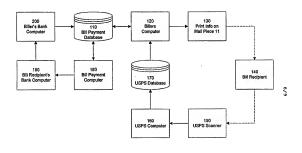
\$4,023.56 (if digit 212 was a "2", it would identify the minimum payment amount Fig. 1B and be bar code 25, or if digit 212 was a "3", it would identify the minimum payment amount plus the amount specified in circles 36 Fig. 1C and be bar code 35); and, digit 213 represents an error-checking digit that is used to validate Planet code 21. It would be obvious to one skilled in the art that additional digits may be added to increase the information in bar codes 21 and 23, i.e., payment amount, etc.

Frame bar 220 indicates the beginning of Postnet bar code 23, and frame bar 221 indicates the end of Postnet bar code 23. Digits 222-233 each contain five bars which are used to represent digits 0-9. Digits 222-232 identify the customer's location, identification i.e., it is customer location number 068013221991 which happens to be encoded to represent 9 Cross Hill Road, Bethel, CT 06801-3221. Thus, by using the customer location identification digits 222-232 of Postnet code 23, and digits 204-208 that represent billing company identification and digits 209-211 that represent the customer account number of Planet code 21, a particular account for Mr. Bill Recipient of 9 Cross Hill Road, Bethel, CT 06801-3221 is uniquely identified. Digit 233 represents an error-checking digit that is used to validate Postnet bar code 23. The billing company, i.e., ABC Company, is able to obtain Mr. Bill Recipient's bank account by using Mr. Bill Recipient's location identification to find Mr. Bill Recipient's bank account number in ABC Company's database.



Fig. 3 is a drawing of mail piece 11 shown in Fig. 1A after mail piece 11 has been posted and scanned by the USPS. After bar codes 21 and 23 are scanned, the USPS places an indication of electronic payment 26 of the bill on mail piece 11. The scanned information is used to provide information for the transfer of funds from Mr. Bill Recipient to ABC Company as described in the description of Figs. 6A and 6B.

Then the USPS delivers mail piece 11 to Mr. Bill Recipient and provides information to ABC Company so that ABC Company may debit Mr. Bill Recipient's bank account for the amount shown in space 18 and Planet code 21, namely, \$4,023.56. The payment of the bill is described in the description of Fig. 6B. It would be obvious to one skilled in the art that the USPS, a third party, or Mr. Bill Recipient may create the payment transaction and execute it



Fia 4

Fig. 4 is a block diagram of the process flow of mail piece 11 and mail piece 12. The process begins in data base 110, where information for the bill,

i.e., mail piece 11 or 12 is stored. Data base 110 contains the minimum payment Planet code; the full payment Planet code; the Postnet bar codes; the full payment amount; the minimum payment amount; Mr. Bill Recipient's account number; Mr. Bill Recipient's bank account number; and Mr. Bill Recipient's bank routing number. Biller's computer 120 will send data to database 110 and receive data from data base 110. Computer 120 will send data to printer 130 so that printer 130 will be able to print the information appearing on mail piece 11 (Fig. 1A) and mail piece 12 (Fig. 1B).

[023] Mail pieces 11 or 12 will be mailed and delivered to bill recipient 140. Mr. Bill Recipient will decide if he wants to pay the bill in full or make a minimum payment on the bill. If Mr. Bill Recipient decides he wants to pay the bill in full, he will mail, mail piece 11. If Mr. Bill Recipient decides he wants to make a minimum payment, he will mail, mail piece 12.

Scanners 150 at the USPS will scan and interpret Planet code 21 and Postnet bar code 23 if mail piece 11 was mailed (Fig. 1A) or scan and interpret Planet code 25 and Postnet bar code 23 if mail piece 12 was mailed (Fig. 1B), or scan and interpret Planet code 35, Postnet bar code 23 and circles 36 if mail piece 13 was mailed (Fig. 1C). The interpreted Planet and Postnet bar codes and circles will be sent to USPS computer 160. Computer 160 will process the scanned Planet code, Postnet bar code, scan date, scan location and scan type (initial scan, process scan, final scan) from scanner 150. Computers 160 and 120 will be coupled to USPS data base 170 to obtain mail piece data. Biller's computer 120 will reconcile the bill it produced, i.e., mail piece 11 with the bill, i.e., mail piece that was just scanned. Then the information will be sent to bill payment database 110 to begin the funds transfer process. Bill payment computer 180 will use the information in database 110 to create an electronic funds transfer between Biller's bank computer 200 and Bill Recipient's bank computer 190.

Bill Recipient's bank computer 190 will receive Mr. Bill Recipient's Bank

Account Number and the amount of funds to debit from Mr. Bill Recipient's bank account, which will be credited to ABC Company. ABC Company biller's bank computer will be credited for the funds debited to Mr. Bill Recipient's bank 190. The USPS, the customer recipient's bank and/or the company biller bank may charge the company biller for the above. Advantages of the foregoing are that the company biller will receive its money sooner, i.e., shortly after mail piece 11 or 12 is scanned by the USPS, and eliminate some bill processing costs.

Claim 15 is second of the two independent claims in this application.

Claim 15 relates to a method for a carrier to initiate payment of a bill by a bill recipient to a creditor. The method comprising the following steps:

- (a) delivering a billing mail plece from a creditor to a bill recipient, the billing mail piece including a bill and a bill-paying return mail piece; (Pages 5-6, Paragraph 017)
- (b) receiving the bill-paying return mail piece mailed by the bill recipient, the bill paying return mail piece having a code printed thereon that identifies at least one of the bill recipient and the bill recipient's account number and an amount due on the face of the mail piece; (Page 8, Paragraphs 022)
- (c) scanning the code on the bill-paying return mail piece before the mail piece is delivered to the creditor; (Page 9, Paragraphs 024-025) and
- (d) initiating an electronic funds transaction for the amount indicated in the code from the bill recipient's bank account to the creditor's bank account.
   (Page 9, Paragraph 025)

The portion of Appellant's specification that describes claim 15 has been set forth above.

### VI. GROUNDS OF REJECTION TO BE REVIEWED ON APPEAU

Whether or not claims 1-29 are patentable under 35 use § 1 03(a) over Delfer (U.S. Patent No. 5,496,991) in view of Pintsov (U.S. Patent No. 5,586,036).

### VII. ARGUMENTS

Claims 1-29 have been rejected by the Examiner under 35 USC § 103(a) over Deiter (U.S. Patent No. 5,496,991) in view *ot* Pintsov (U.S. Patent No. 5,586,036).

## Claims 1-4, and 7-9

The Examiner stated the following on page 3 of the November 15, 2007, Final Rejection.

"Pintsov discloses scanning by the post the code on the mail piece before the mail piece is delivered to the creditor (the bill is scanned and payment by mailer is made through electronic funds transfer-col. 8, lines)."

Pintsov discloses the following in lines 25-40 of column 8.

"Reference is now made to FIG. 7 which is a flow chart of the operations performed by the mailer in processing a bill received from the carrier. A bill is received from a carrier either in hard copy form or via a modem at 702. A determination is then made at 704 whether the bill is in hard copy form in which case the bill is scanned at 706. In either case, either by scanning or by processing, the encrypted billing data including the bill identification is obtained at 708. The encrypted information is decrypted by the mailer using the mailers private key SKM at 710. The billing data is thereafter verified against the mailers own records at 712. If a determination is made at 714 that the carriers bill data and the mailer's records match, the mailer may authorize payment of the bill at 716. If no match occurs, the matter is scheduled for resolution at 718. The payment by the mailer may be by electronic funds transfer."

Pintsov discloses a system in which a mailer is processing a bill received from a carrier and determining whether or not the mailer is going to pay the carrier for delivering the mailers mail.

The Examiner stated the following on page 3 of the November 15, 2007, Final Rejection."Delfer discloses creating an electronic funds transaction for the amount indicated in the code between the bill recipient's bank account and the creditor's bank account (consumer pre-authorization for funds transfer transaction-col. 4, lines 8-10) and transferring funds from the bill recipient's bank account to the creditor's bank account (biller service provider transfers funds into appropriate vendor account-co. 4, lines 8-15)." Delfer discloses the following in col. 4. lines 1-15.

"Consumers are introduced to the subject invention automated remittance system by literature distributed by either the vendors or preferably the billing service provider. Accompanying the informational materials are approval cards 2. Also, direct telephone or personal contact with the consumers, followed by mailed approval cards 2 is contemplated by this disclosure. The consumer completed approval cards 2, signifying consumer pre-authorization for a funds transfer transaction, are returned to the vendor or billing service provider, preferably the billing service provider. The approval cards 2 acknowledge that, at individual consumer initiated times, the billing service provider (or vendor) is to electronically transfer funds into appropriate vendors' (or vendor's) accounts."

Delfer discloses an automated remittance system where consumers preauthorization are obtained by a billing system provides to initiate electronic transfer of funds.

Delfer and/or Pintsov do not disclose or anticipate steps d, e and f of claim 1 namely.

- (d) scanning by the post the code on the mail piece before the mail piece is delivered to the creditor;
- (e) creating an electronic funds transaction for the amount indicated in the code between the bill recipient's bank account and the creditor's bank account; and
- (f) transferring funds from the bill recipient's bank account to the creditor's bank account.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in rejecting a claim under 35 U.S.C. §103, the Examiner is charged with the initial burden for providing a <u>factual basis</u> to support the obviousness conclusion. *In re Warner*, 379 F.2d 1011,154 USPQ 173 (CCPA 1967); *in re Lunsford*, 375 F.2d 385, 148 USPQ 721 (CCPA 1966); *in re Freed*, 425 F.2d 785, 165 USPQ 570 (CCPA 1970). The Examiner is also

required to explain how and why one having ordinary skill in the art would have been led to modify an applied reference and/or combine applied references to arrive at the claimed invention. In re Ochiai, 37 USPQ2d 1127 (Fed. Cir. 1995); in re Deuel, 51 F.3d 1552, 34 USPQ 1210 (Fed. Gir. 1995); in re Fritch, 972 F.2d 1260, 23 USPQ 1780 (Fed. Cir. 1992); Uniroyal, Inc. v. Rudkin-Wiley Corp., 837 F.2d 1044,5 USPQ2d 1434 (Fed. Cir. 1988). In establishing the requisite motivation, it has been consistently held that both the suggestion and reasonable expectation of success must stem from the prior art itself, as a whole. In re Ochiai, supra: in re Vaeck, 947 F.2d 488, 20 USPQ2d 1438 (Fed. Gir. 1991); in re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071,5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988); in re Dow Chemical Co., 837 F.2d 469,5 USPQ2d 1529 (Fed. Cir. 1988).

## Claims 5 and 6.

Claim 5 depends on claim 1, and claim 6 depends on claim 5. Claim 5 includes the additional step of indicating on the mail piece after funds have been transferred to the creditor's bank account from the bill recipient's bank account that the bill has been paid and claim 6 includes the further step of delivering the mail piece indicating that the bill has been paid to the bill recipient. In addition to the arguments made in above Delfer and/or Pintsov do not disclose or anticipate indicating on a mail piece that funds have been transferred to the creditor's bank account indicating that the bill has been paid and delivering the mail piece to the recipient.

## Claims 11 -13

Claims 11 - 13 depend on claim 1. Claim 11 states that the code placed by the creditor indicates the minimum amount that is due. Claim 12 states that the code placed by the creditor indicates the entire amount that is due and claim 13 states that the code placed by the creditor indicates an amount greater than the minimum amount that is due is going to be paid In addition to the arguments made above Delfer and/or Pintsov do not disclose or anticipate the placing of codes on the face of a mail piece that indicate the amounts that are due.

### Claim 14

Claim 14 depends on claim 13. Claim 14 includes the additional step of placing an indication on the bill by the bill recipient that indicates the amount greater than the minimum amount that is due is going to be paid. In addition to the arguments made above Delfer and/or Pintsov do not disclose or anticipate placing an indication on the bill by the bill recipient that indicates the amount greater than the minimum amount that is due is going to be paid.

## Claims 15 -18

Delfer and/or Pintsov do not disclose or anticipate steps d, e and f of claim 1 namely.

- (d) scanning by the post the code on the mail piece before the mail piece is delivered to the creditor:
- (e) creating an electronic funds transaction for the amount indicated in the code

between the bill recipient's bank account and the creditor's bank account; and

(f) transferring funds from the bill recipient's bank account to the creditor's bank

account.

Delfer and/or Pintsov also do not disclose or anticipate steps a, c and d of claim 15, namely,

(a) delivering a billing mail piece from a creditor to a bill recipient, the billing mail

piece including a bill and a bill-paying return mail piece.

Pintsov does not disclose a system that enables consumer bill recipients to pay their bills via a carrier. Appellants claimed invention enable a company to send a bill to a bill recipient that contains a bill-paying return portion in the form of a mail piece having a Planet code and Postnet bar code that reference the bill recipient and amount to be paid on the outside of mailpiece, so that when a scanner at the USPS reads the code, the bill recipient's bank account will be debited for the entire amount of the bill, or a minimum payment that is due for the bill, or a minimum payment for the bill plus a specified amount.

#### Claims 19 and 20

Claim 19 depends on claim 15, and claim 20 depends on claim 19. Claim 19 includes the additional step of indicating on the bill-paying return mail piece after funds have been transferred to the creditor's bank account from the bill recipient's bank account that the bill has been paid. Claim 20 includes the further step of delivering the mail piece indicting that the bill has been paid to the bill recipient. In addition to the arguments made above Delfer and/or Pintsov do not disclose or anticipate indicating on the face of a return mail piece that the bill has been paid. Power does not disclose a return mail piece.

## Claim 21

Claim 21 depends on claim 15. Claim 21 indicates that the code references a record in a data base that contains the bill recipient's bank account, amount due, the account being paid, and the second code represents the physical location of the bill recipient.

In addition to the arguments made above Deiter and/or Pintsov do not disclose indicating the physical location of the bill recipient in a second code.

## Claims 24 .26

Claims 24 - 27 depend on claim 15. Claim 24 states that the code indicates that an

electronic funds transaction will take place and claim 25 states that the code indicates the minimum amount that is due. Claim 26 states that the code indicates the entire amount that

is due and claim 27 states that the code indicates an amount greater than the minimum amount that is due and going to be paid.

In addition to the arguments made above Delfer and/or Pintsov do not disclose or anticipate the placing of codes on the face of a mail piece.

## Claim 28

Claim 28 depends on claim 27. Claim 28 includes the additional step of placing an indication on the bill by the bill recipient that indicates the amount greater than the minimum amount that is due is going to be paid. In addition to the arguments made above Delfer and/or Pintsov do not disclose or anticipate an indication on the bill by the bill recipient that indicates the amount greater than the minimum amount that is due is going to be paid. PRAYER FOR RELIEF Appellant's respectfully submit that appealed claims 1 - 29 in this application are patentable. It is requested that the Board of Appeal overrule the Examiner and direct allowance of the rejected claims.

Respectfully submitted.

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## VIII. Appendix of Claims Involved in the Appeal

- A method for enabling a bill recipient to pay their bill to a creditor, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) giving one or more bills in the form of one or more mail pieces to a bill recipient;
- (b) placing a code by a creditor on one or more bills that references the bill recipient, the bill recipient's account number and amount due on a face of the mail piece;
  - (c) mailing the bill by the bill recipient;
- (d) scanning by the post the code on the mail piece before the mail piece is delivered to the creditor;
- (e) creating an electronic funds transaction for the amount indicated in the code between the bill recipient's bank account and the creditor's bank account; and
- (f) transferring funds from the bill recipient's bank account to the creditor's bank account.
  - 2. The method claimed in claim 1, wherein the code includes:
- (a) a first code that references the bill recipient's account number and amount due; and
  - (b) a second code that references a location of the bill recipient.
  - 3. The method claimed in claim 2, wherein the first code is a Planet code.
- 4. The method claimed in claim 2, wherein the second code is a Postnet bar code
- 5. The method claimed in claim 1, further including the step of: indicating on the mail piece after funds have been transferred to the creditor's bank account from the bill recipient's bank account that the bill has been paid.

- The method claimed in claim 5, further including the step of:
   delivering the mail piece indicating that the bill has been paid to the
   bill recipient.
- 7. The method claimed in claim 1, wherein the first code references a record in a data base that references the bill recipient's bank account, amount due, the account being paid, and the second code represents the physical location of the bill recipient.
  - 8. The method claimed in claim 7, wherein the first code is a Planet code.
- The method claimed in claim 7, wherein the second code is a Postnet code.
- 10. The method claimed in claim 1, wherein the first code indicates that an electronic funds transaction will take place.
- 11. The method claimed in claim 1, wherein the code placed by the creditor indicates the minimum amount that is due.
- 12. The method claimed in claim 1, wherein the code placed by the creditor indicates the entire amount that is due.
- 13. The method claimed in claim 1, wherein the code placed by the creditor indicates an amount greater than the minimum amount that is due is going to be paid.
- 14. The method claimed in claim 13, further including the step of: placing an indication on the bill by the bill recipient that indicates the amount greater than the minimum amount that is due is going to be paid.

- 15. A method for a carrier to initiate payment of a bill by a bill recipient to a creditor, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) delivering a billing mail piece from a creditor to a bill recipient, the billing mail piece including a bill and a bill-paying return mail piece;
- (b) receiving the bill-paying return mail piece mailed by the bill recipient, the bill-paying return mail piece having a code printed thereon that identifies at least one of the bill recipient and the bill recipient's account number and an amount due on the face of the mail piece;
- scanning the code on the bill-paying return mail piece before the mail piece is delivered to the creditor; and
- (d) initiating an electronic funds transaction for the amount indicated in the code from the bill recipient's bank account to the creditor's bank account.
  - 16. The method claimed in claim 15, wherein the code includes:
- (a) a first code that identifies the bill recipient's account number and the amount due; and
  - (b) a second code that identifies the location of the bill recipient.
- 17. The method claimed in claim 16, wherein the first code is a Planet code.
- The method claimed in claim 16, wherein the second code is a Postnet bar code
  - 19. The method claimed in claim 15, wherein step (d) comprises:

indicating on the bill-paying return mail piece after funds have been transferred to the creditor's bank account from the bill recipient's bank account that the bill has been paid.

20. The method claimed in claim 19, further including the step of:

delivering the mail piece indicting that the bill has been paid to the bill recipient.

- 21. The method claimed in claim 15, wherein the code references a record in a data base that contains the bill recipient's bank account, amount due, the account being paid, and the second code represents the physical location of the bill recipient.
- The method claimed in claim 21, wherein the first code is a Planet code.
- 23. The method claimed in claim 21, wherein the second code is a Postnet code.
- 24. The method claimed in claim 15, wherein the code indicates that an electronic funds transaction will take place.
- 25. The method claimed in claim 15, wherein the code indicates the minimum amount that is due.
- 26. The method claimed in claim 15, wherein the code indicates the entire amount that is due.
- 27. The method claimed in claim 15, wherein the code indicates an amount greater than the minimum amount that is due is going to be paid.
- 28. The method claimed in claim 27, further including the step of: placing an indication on the bill by the bill recipient that indicates the amount greater than the minimum amount that is due is going to be paid.

29. The method claimed in claim 15, further including the step of: confirming payment by bill recipient to creditor.

## IX. EVIDENCE APPENDIX

There is no additional evidence to submit.

# XI RELATED PROCEEDING APPENDIX

There are no related Appeals and Interferences.